

# Data processing software for radio astronomy

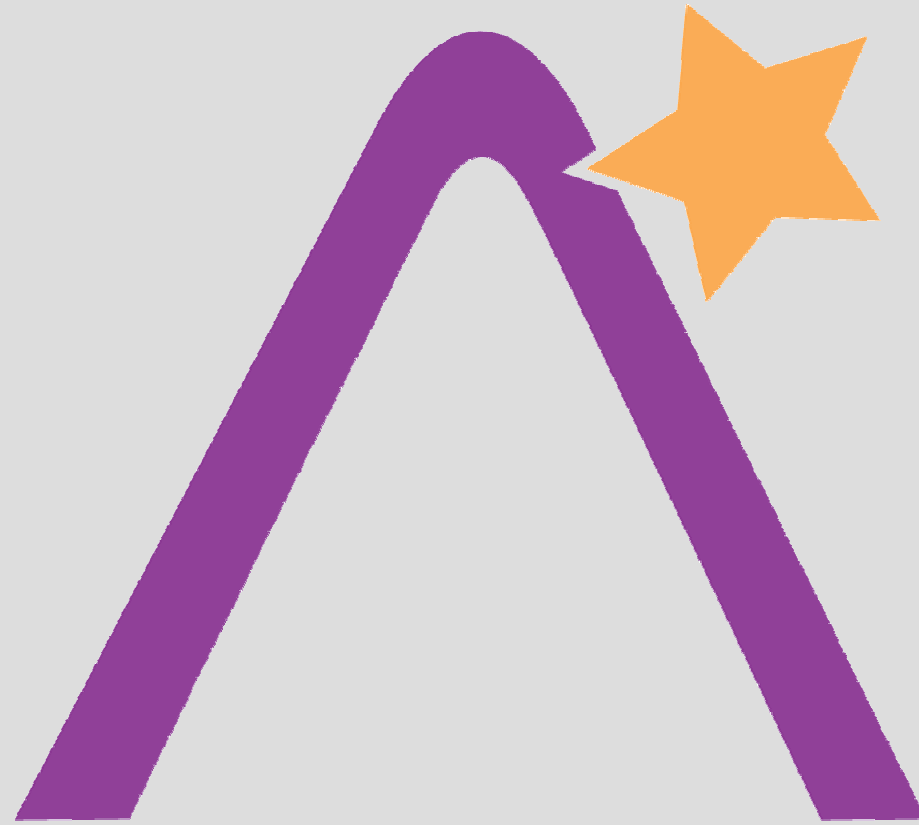


*Huib Jan van Langevelde*

# In this talk:

- User software in the EVN and software correlation
  - I Learned AIPS in 1987, still be teaching AIPS in 2007
    - Little changed from the user perspective
      - Not quite true: Introduction of (VLBA) cross calibration
    - Still rely heavily on old software, esp for VLBI
    - aips++, now casa concentrates on ALMA
  - Software is crucial for dealing with new opportunities, especially large data-rates
- EVN has an effort in user software

- Introduce ALBUS project, part of RadioNet
- ParselTongue is available for large, complex AIPS projects
- RadioNet is considering projects after ALBUS
- FABRIC is about distributed software correlation



ALBUS

advanced long baseline user software



# Overview

## • Part 1: Enhancing the product

### • Calibration Transfer (JIVE)

- Antenna Gains
- Phase Cal Tones

90%, make operational

### • Ionospheric calibration (JIVE)

- Global GPS
- Global model

75%, evaluating tests

### • Tropospheric calibration (MPI)

- Using GPS
- WVR
- Frequency

60%, started GPS

### • Post correlator processing (JIVE)

- PCInt data flow
- Target selection
- Web portal

5%, requirements

## • Part 2: Imaging

### • Parallelization (ASTRON)

- Bottlenecks
- MIRIAD & scripting

DONE

### • Wide Band Imaging (JBO)

- Analysis
- Implement
- Test

40%, prototyping

### • Wide field Imaging (JIVE)

- Analysis
- Implement

10%, requirements

## • New 3: Software infrastructure

### • ParselTongue

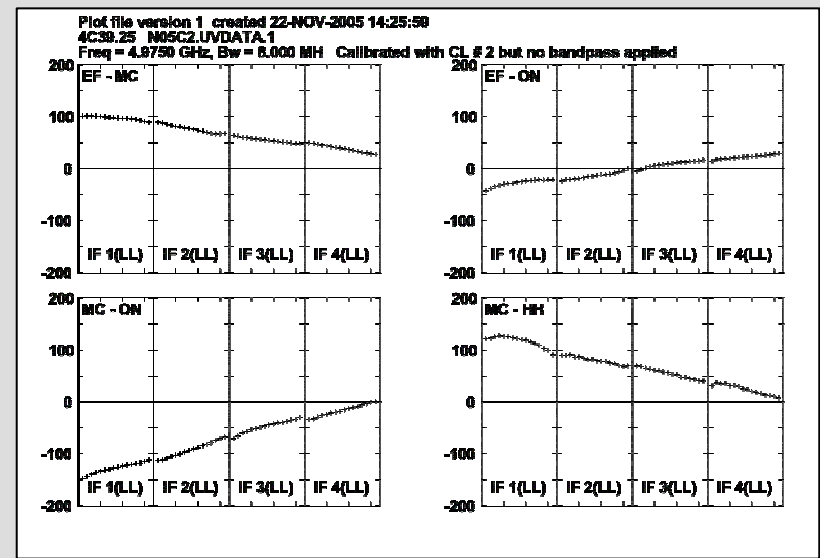
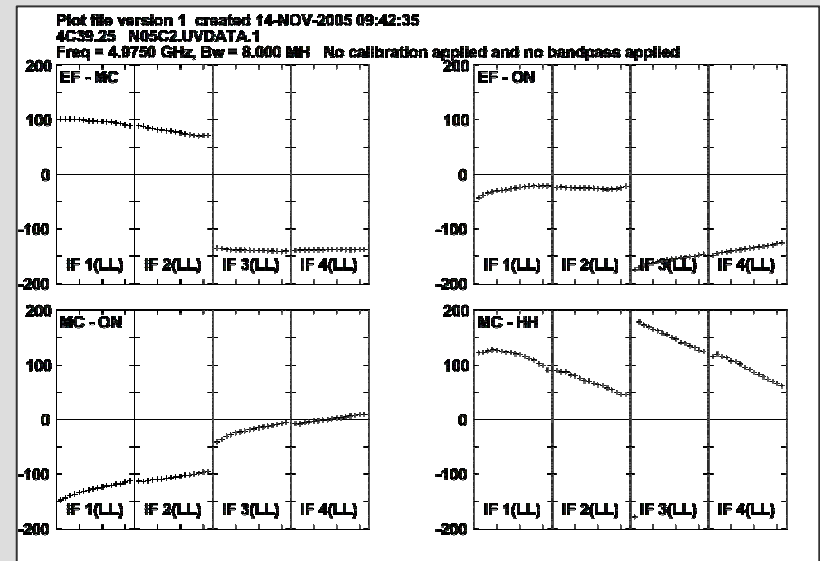
- Scripting
- Calibration access
- Distributed computing

85%, gone public



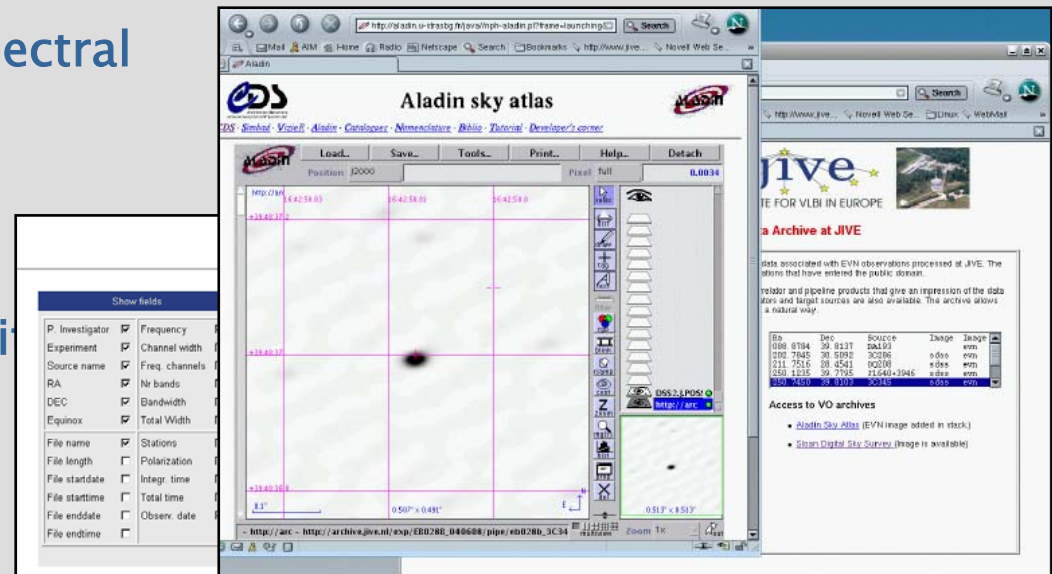
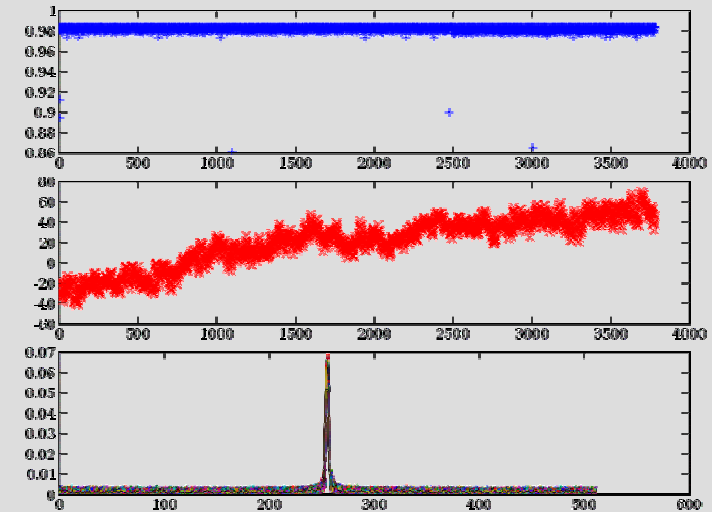
# Calibration & Phase cal detection

- Enhanced the correlator product
  - Streamlined the  $T_{\text{sys}}$  into system
  - As well as flagging from telescopes
  - Calibrate van Vleck corrections
  - Work on adding model information
- Capable to do Phase Cal calibration
  - can be processed by PCCOR
  - or by ParselTongue scripts
  - Needs to enter the operational environment yet



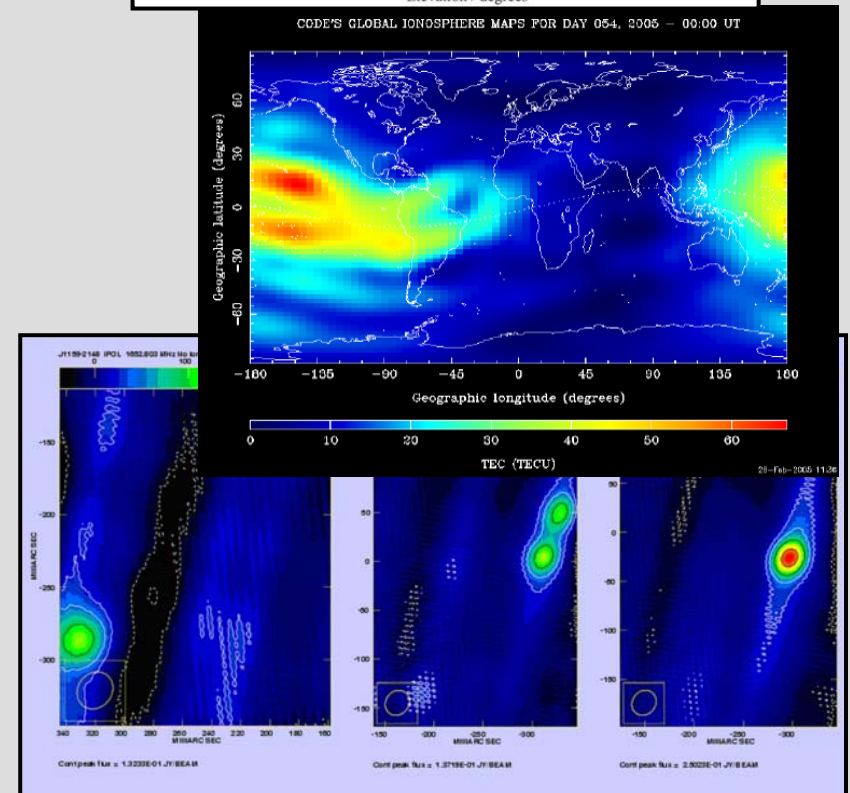
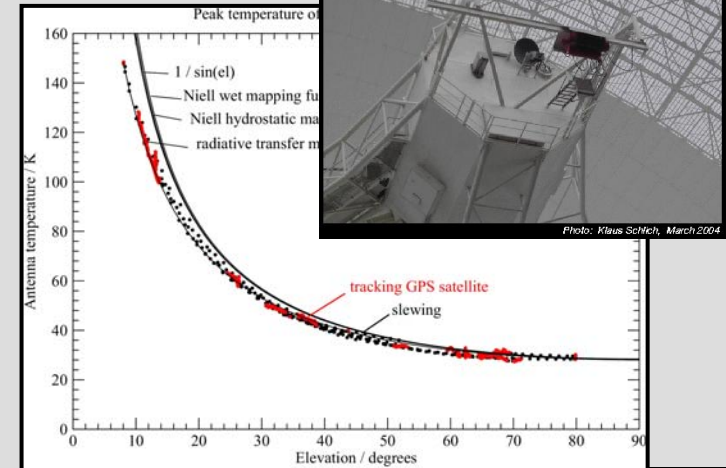
# Post-correlation processing

- Related to the PCInt, high speed data product
  - Can do 0.25s integration
    - and faster yet to come
  - Yields the possibility to build up high resolution archive
    - increases sky coverage
- Will develop tools to extract tailor-made products
  - eg selection on source, spectral coverage
  - Or off-set phase center
- Expand archive
  - beyond current functionality
  - Looking to fill **job**!



# Ionosphere & Troposphere

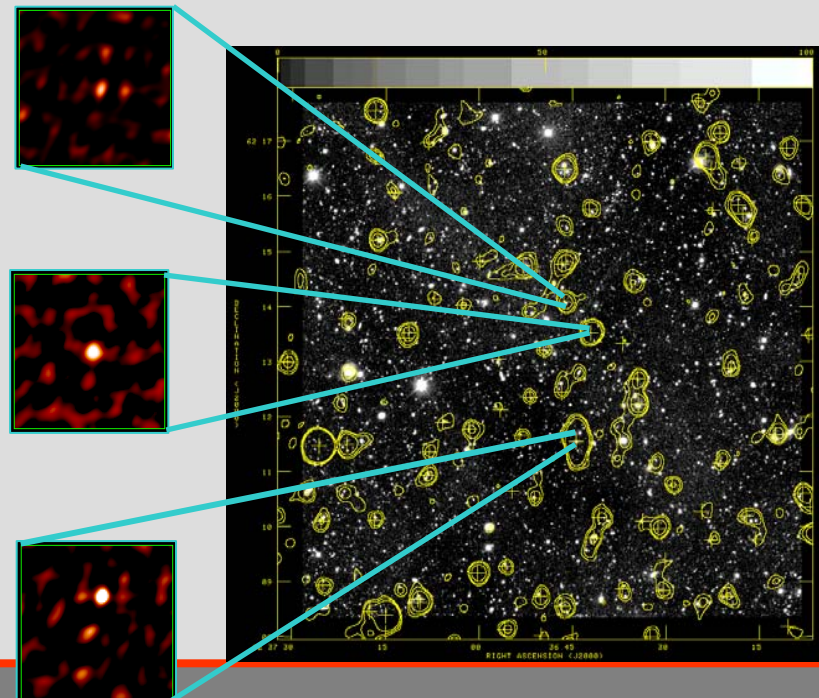
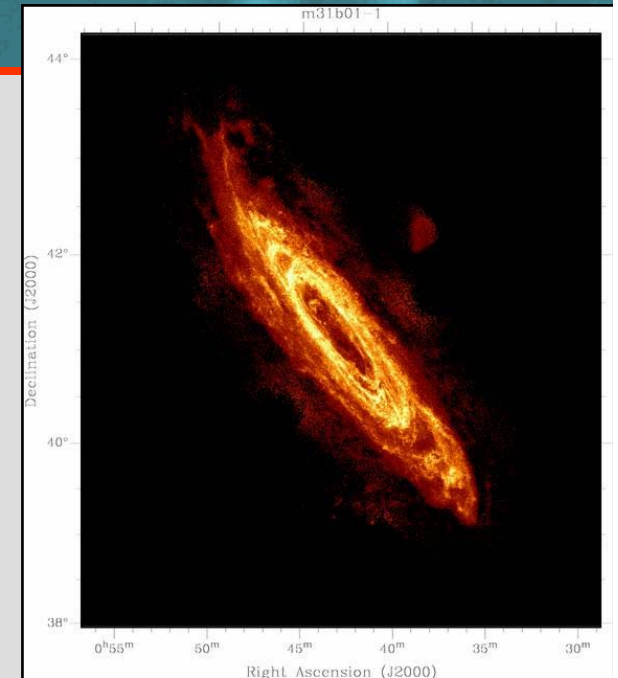
- Estimate troposphere
  - Using eg Water Vapour Radiometers
  - see talk by Alan Roy
- And estimate ionosphere
  - Work by James Anderson, JIVE
  - Calibration could be derived from
    - Global or local GPS results
    - Mixed with theoretical models
  - Some success, but not robust
    - Phase referencing may improve
    - Allows to estimate gradients
- Map to AIPS calibration
  - Through ParselTongue
  - Need to take out previous correlator model





# Parallelization & wide field imaging

- Investigate the use of cluster computing for radio-astronomy
  - Work done at ASTRON
  - 'Task' parallelization is the way to go
  - Need to distribute data as part of the procedure
    - Too data intensive for messaging
- Approach will require high level scripting to create a workflow
  - Quite feasible for VLBI, where sky is mostly empty
  - Some preliminary work presented at EVN symposium Torun
    - poster by Lenc
    - Poster by Bourke



# Wideband processing

- Ian Stewart at JBO
  - wide band imaging
  - takes into account source spectrum

artificial data, sources with different spectral indices

beam and frequency derivatives

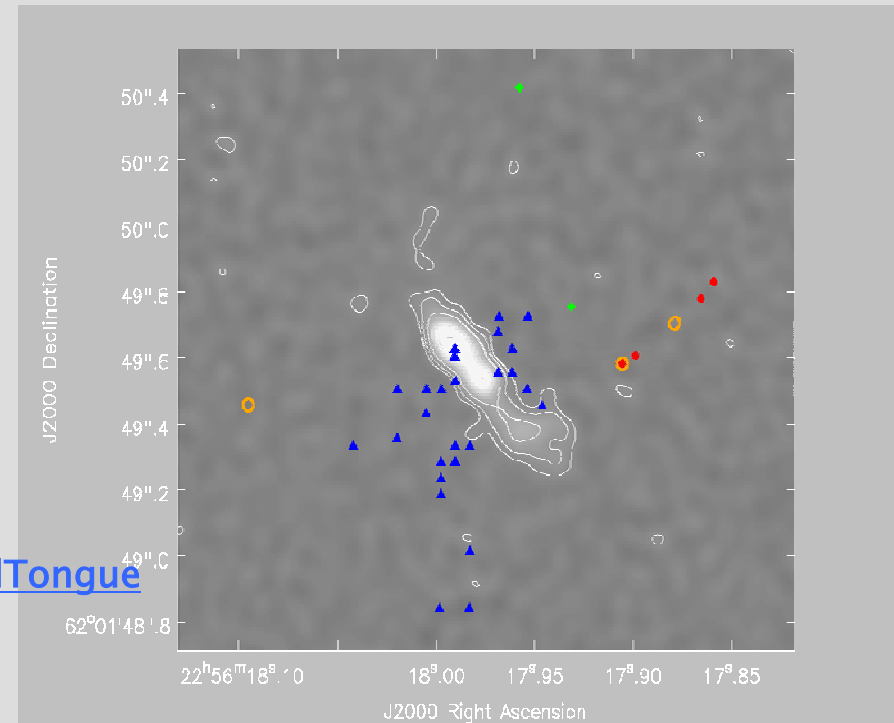
clean image

first order

second order

# ParselTongue, why?

- Python interface for classic AIPS
  - Vehicle for implementing algorithms
    - access AIPS calibration
    - scripting for distributed computing
  - And distributing ALBUS results to users
- Version 1.0 released in January
  - Maintained on RadioNet wiki
    - <http://www.radionet-eu.org/rnwiki/ParselTongue>
    - Currently on version **1.05**
  - And ParselTongue e-mail exploder
    - User support by Mark Kettenis, JIVE
    - Depends Obit layer by Cotton
- Also attractive to outside users
  - Automating large or complex data reduction
  - Accountable procedures of data flow
  - Interaction with outside world

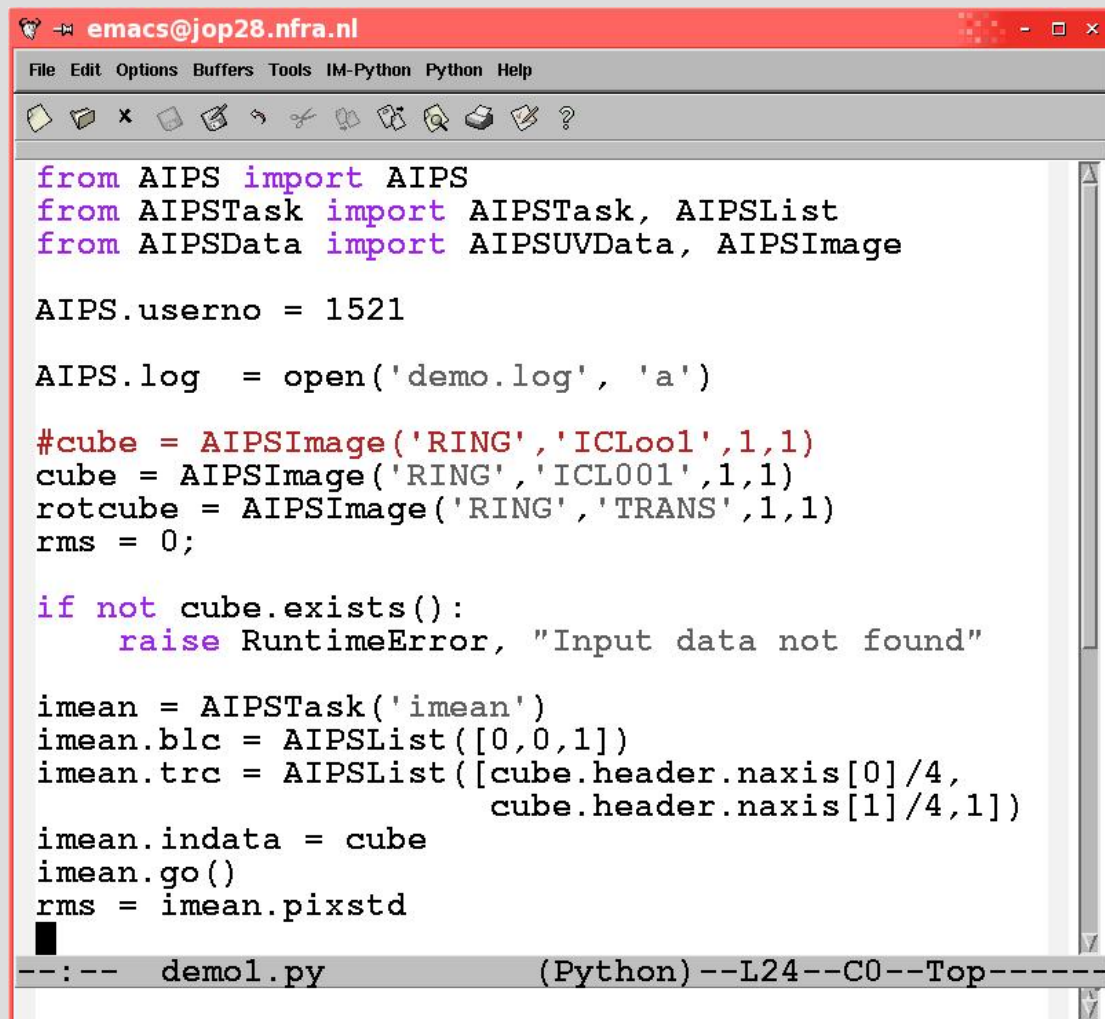


EVN data on methanol masers in CepA,  
calibrated with ParselTongue



# ParselTongue, how?

- No changes to AIPS
- Use all Python functionality
  - libraries for everything
- Run all batch tasks
  - input parameters as local attributes
- Direct access to data
  - headers and tables
  - even data values
  - can be changed
- demo in user meeting



The screenshot shows an Emacs window titled 'emacs@jop28.nfra.nl'. The menu bar includes 'File', 'Edit', 'Options', 'Buffers', 'Tools', 'IM-Python', 'Python', and 'Help'. The toolbar contains various icons for file operations and editing. The main text area displays a Python script with the following content:

```
from AIPS import AIPS
from AIPSTask import AIPSTask, AIPSList
from AIPSDData import AIPSUVDData, AIPSImage

AIPS.userno = 1521

AIPS.log = open('demo.log', 'a')

#cube = AIPSImage('RING','ICLoo1',1,1)
cube = AIPSImage('RING','ICL001',1,1)
rotcube = AIPSImage('RING','TRANS',1,1)
rms = 0;

if not cube.exists():
    raise RuntimeError, "Input data not found"

imean = AIPSTask('imean')
imean.blc = AIPSList([0,0,1])
imean.trc = AIPSList([cube.header.naxis[0]/4,
                      cube.header.naxis[1]/4,1])

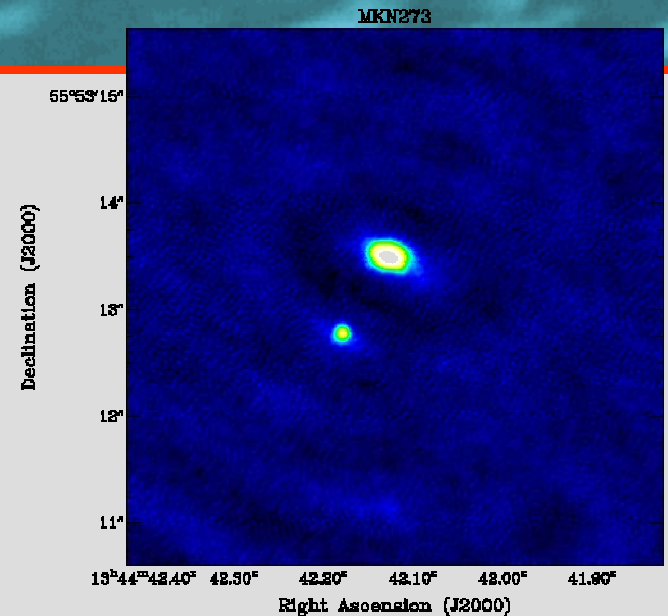
imean.indata = cube
imean.go()
rms = imean.pixstd
```

The status bar at the bottom of the window shows '--:-- dem01.py (Python) --L24--C0--Top-----'.

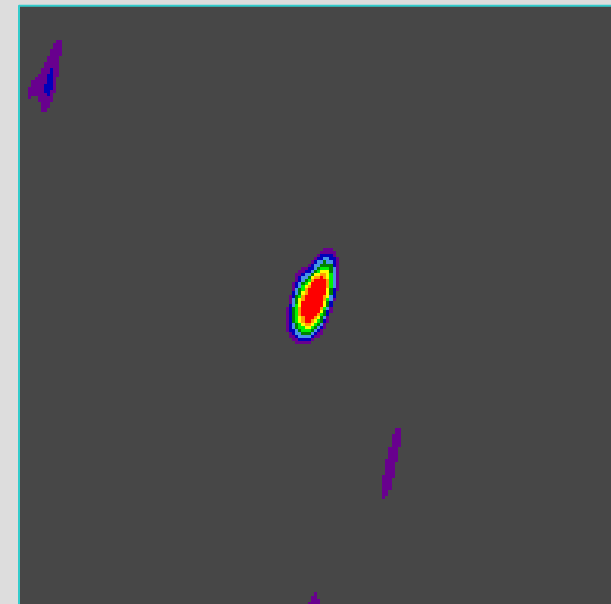
# ParseITongue, what?

- Useful for automation large scripts
  - Adapted by EVN and MERLIN pipeline
- Superior interface to environment
  - Direct access to archive
  - Read data base, deliver plots
  - Create web pages on command
  - Build VO(-like) access
- Can be used to exercise complex or experimental calibration
  - Mixed bandwidth calibration
    - extrapolate in frequency
  - external data for e.g. ionosphere
- Built in remote execution
  - Scripting on cluster computers
  - Wide field imaging
    - eg search masers in wide field

mixed bandwidth calibration for OH astrometry,  
Vlemmings & van Langevelde

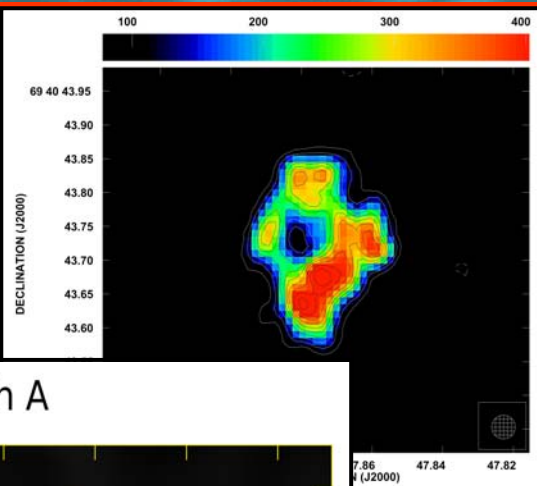


Example from MERLIN archive

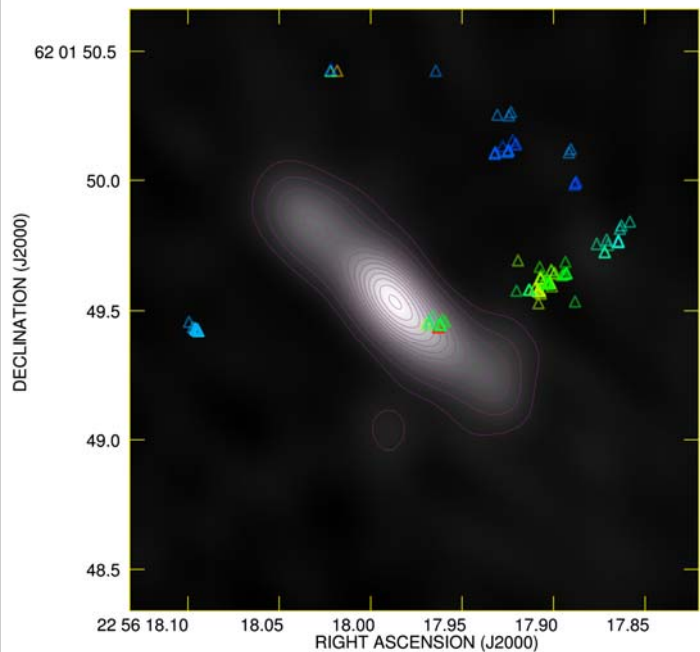


# ParselTongue in this symposium

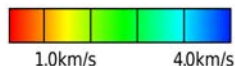
M82 SNR,  
Fenech et al



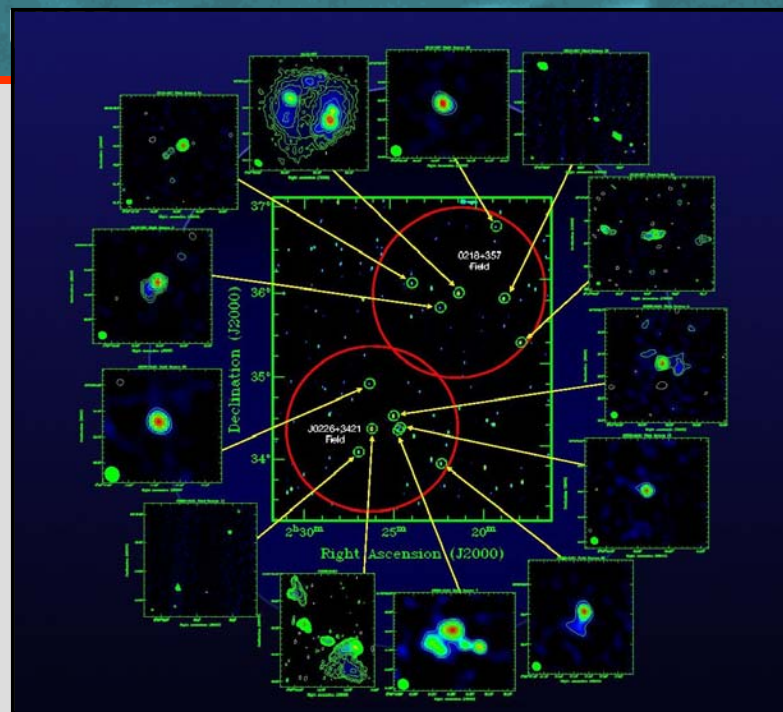
Ceph A



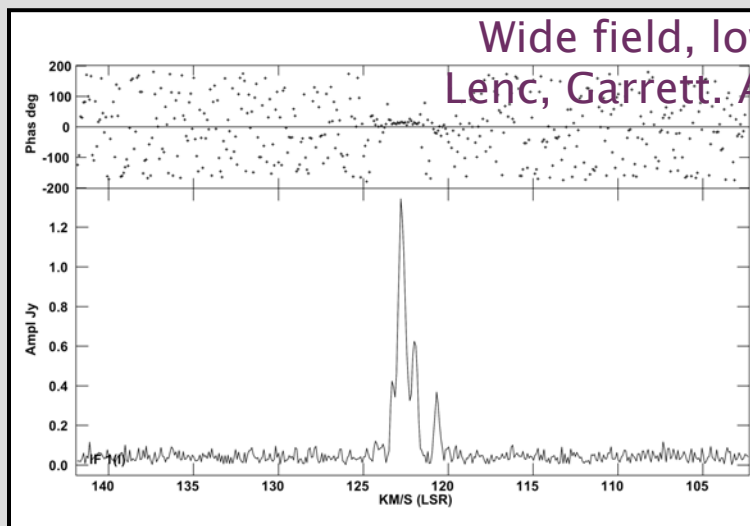
EVN plot of 6.7GHz methanol maser candidates (triangles) with 8.4GHz VLA continuum plot from Hughes et al. shown for comparison.



Cep A methanol wide field  
Bourke, van Langevelde et al



Wide field, low frequency VLBI  
Lenc, Garrett, Anderson, Tingay



MERLIN Methanol Parkes multibeam follow up  
Green, Cohen, Richards, Pestalozzi



# Long term perspective:

- Need to think about next EU funding cycle
  - How should this evolve?
- Data from classical radio instruments
  - Upgraded considerably (eVLBI, eMERLIN, eVLA)
- New telescopes with new software tools
  - ALMA, LOFAR, SKA pathfinders
  - Will use casa or something similar or deliver calibrated images

**But there will be radio-astronomers who want to keep control over calibration & imaging**

- Work towards interoperability
  - Python will be a common interface for more than one package
    - Build on the ParselTongue layer
  - Port traditional algorithms to casa/LOFAR environment
    - This is a way to continue support for recent (or upcoming) ALBUS algorithms



more advanced long baseline user software  
or  
advanced long baseline interoperable user software

# FABRIC

Future Arrays of Broadband Radio-telescopes on Internet Computing



2nd meeting in Poznan last Monday



# EXPreS::FABRIC

- EC funded project EXPreS (03/2006)
  - To turn eVLBI into an operational system
  - Including 1 Joint Research Activity: FABRIC
- Future Arrays of Broadband Radio-telescopes on Internet Computing
  - A work-package on 4Gb/s data acquisition and transport
    - Jodrell Bank, Metsahovi, Onsala, Bonn, ASTRON/LOFAR
    - Builds on expertise with PC-EVN data acquisition
    - And studies interfaces to eMERLIN and LOFAR
  - A work-package on distributed correlation
    - JIVE, PSNC Poznan
    - Matched by Dutch NWO funded project SCARle (10/2006)
    - Explores the possibility of Grid correlation
    - On the roadmap for next generation correlator
      - Although not necessarily the optimal solution

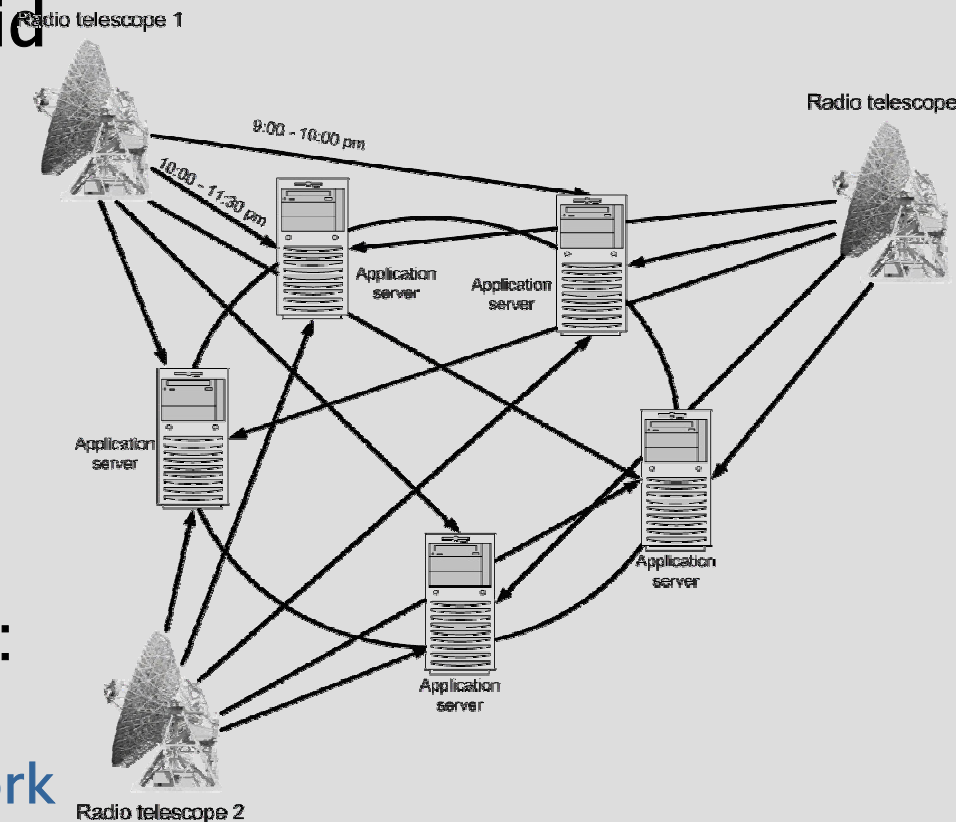
# Distributed correlation

- Get CPU cycles from the Grid

- Explore software correlation
  - Better accuracy and flexibility
  - Portable, Grid friendly code
- Use net as crossbar switch
  - a-synchronous correlation
- Seek boundaries of the Grid
  - “Real time” applications
  - data transfer limitations

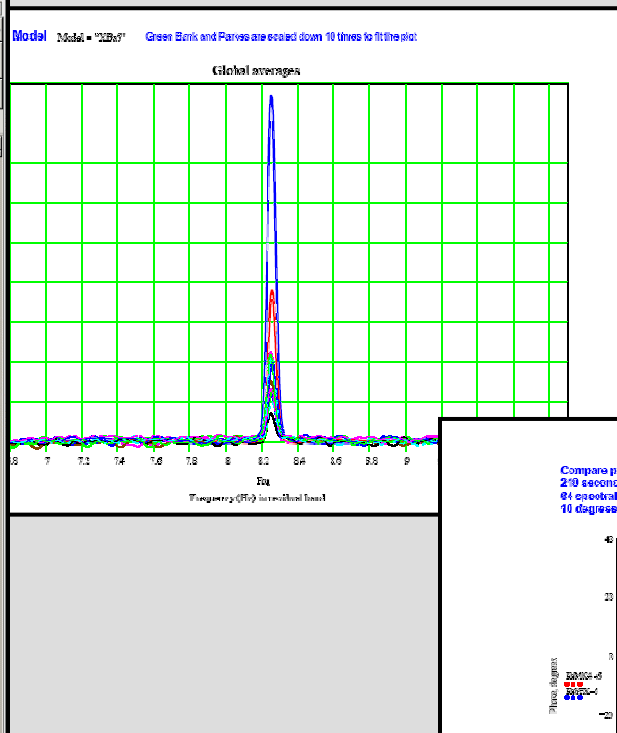
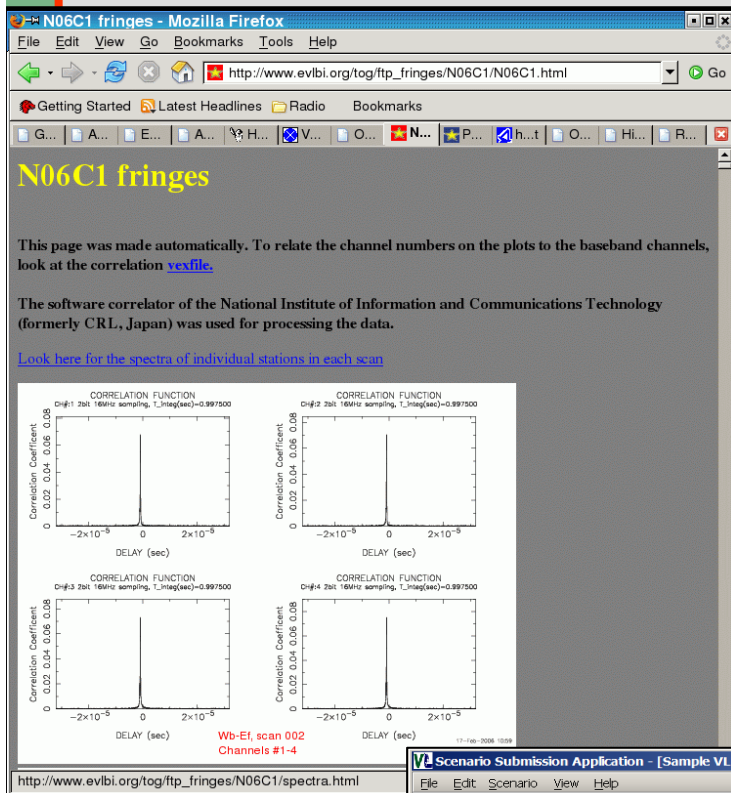
- Possible demo applications:

- Monitoring EVN network
- Continuous small eVLBI network
  - Monitoring transient sources
  - Astrometry, spectral line sources
- spacecraft navigation
- pulsar gating



typical VLBI problems					
description	N telescopes	N subbands	data-rate [Mb/s]	N spect/prod	Tflops
1 Gb/s full array	16	16	1024	16	83.89
typical eVLBI continuum	8	8	128	16	2.62
typical spectral line	10	2	16	512	16.38
FABRIC demo	4	2	16	32	0.16
future VLBI	32	32	4096	256	21474.84

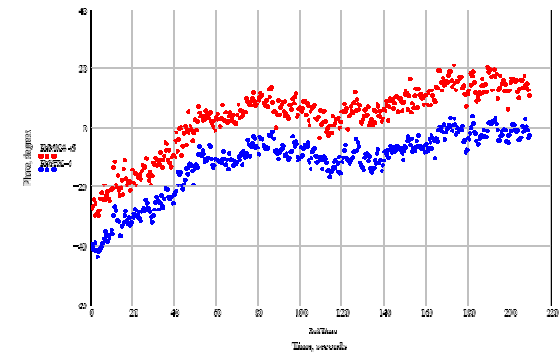
# Progress and previous experience



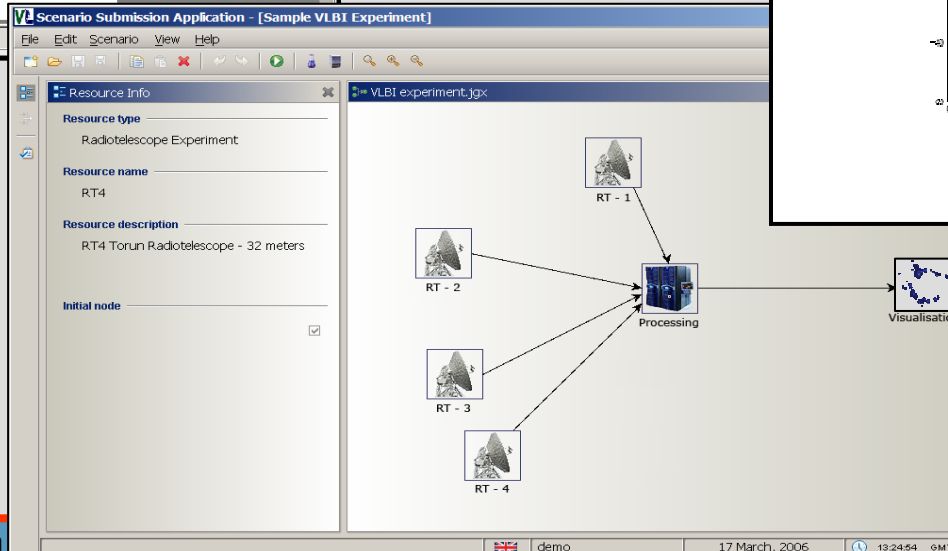
High accuracy  
Huygens detections

Comparison software  
and hardware correlation

Compare phase of MK4 and Huygens SW correlators, BW 16 MHz, Baseline GB BR, Source DA103, S band 210 seconds, 0.6 s integration per point, 84 spectral channels for MK4, 85 spectral channels SW. Both linear trend (common slope for both) removed, 10 degree shift between curves applied for distinction. MK4 data - red, SW data - blue



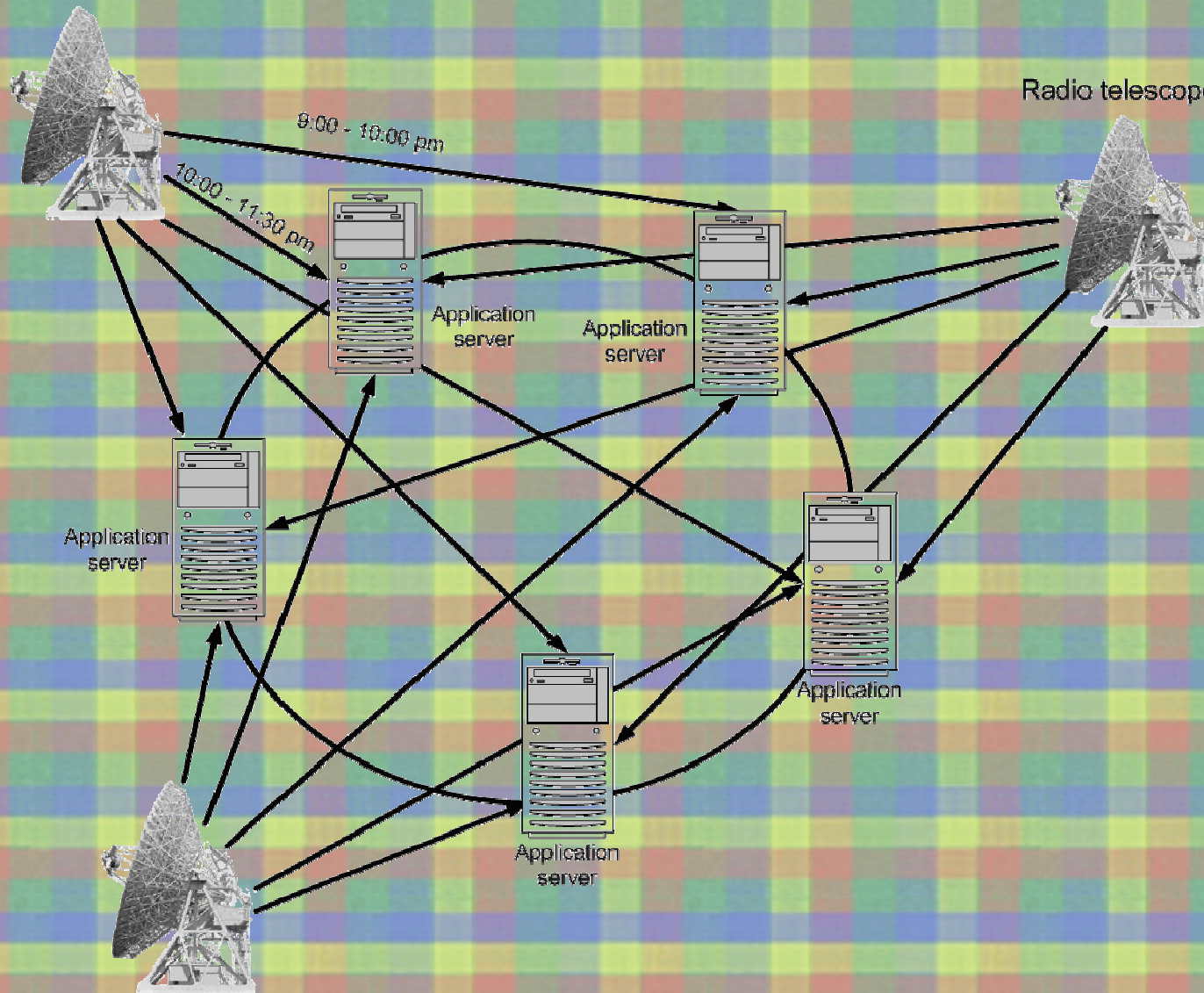
ftp VLBI  
EVN monitor



Virtual Lab  
developed at Poznan

Radio telescope 1

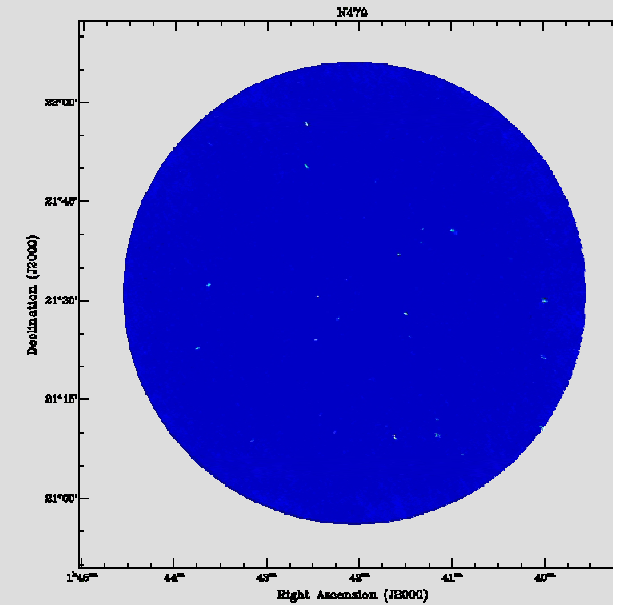
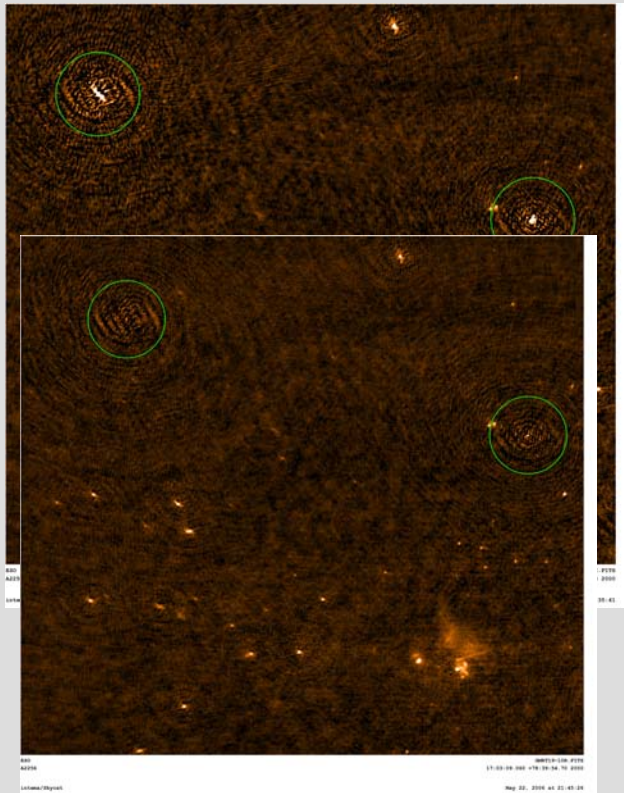
Radio telescope N



Radio telescope 2



# User all over Europe



*Multi-facet processing of 610 MHz  
data GMRT, Kloeckner Oxford*